2022 November

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AQUABENG Análisis & Ase NEVS Letter

2023 (Q3) SALMON INDUSTRY BALANCE*:

Lower Mortality, Higher Yield (kg/smolt) and Increased of Harvest Biomass the Outstanding Indicators of the year 2023

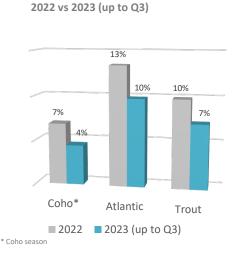
Good productive results continue to be recorded by the industry in the 3 cultivated species, again mainly associated with low mortality, a higher harvest weight and as a result an increase in yield (kilos harvested/smolt).

Mortality

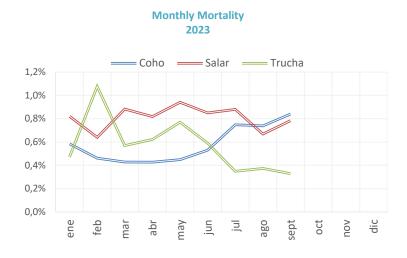
Atlantic Salmon had a 9.8% of accumulated mortality in closed groups in 2023 (up to Q3), 27% lower than that registered in previous year, wich closed with 13.4%. In the case of **Rainbow Trout** also registered a lower accumulated mortality in 2023 (up to Q3) respect year 2022, reaching 7.2% (vs. 9.9% in 2022) and **Coho Salmon**, accumulated mortality reach 4.4% (Season 2023, to date. Season still open).

Therefore, 2021 productivity balance shows a total amount of dead fish equivalent to 17.8 million during the growout stage. Per species, 13.7 million correspond to **Atlantic Salmon**, 3.2 million to **Coho Salmon** and 0.8 million to **Rainbow Trout**.

27% of the total mortality for the year corresponded to Mechanical Damage and 25% to Infectious causes (SRS with 38% and Tenacibaculum with a 29% share of total infectious causes).



Accumulated Mortality



* The numbers mentioned in this document correspond to those obtained directly from our own Databases. The representativeness corresponds to 100% in the three species. All the information presented includes the 3 farming regions.

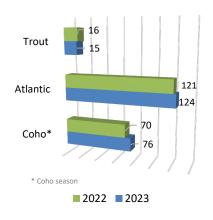
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Smolt stocking Jan - Sep 2022 vs 2023 (million smolt per species)



Smolt Stocking

In 2023 (up to Q3), there was an average increase of 2% in smolt stocking, in relation to the previous year (same period), reaching a total amount of 204.0 million smolt transferred to the sea compared with 199.3 million recorded during 2022 (up to Q3) for the three species farmed.

Per species, the numbers show a decrease of 8% in **Rainbow Trout** and increase of 9% in **Coho Salmon** (season) and 2% in **Atlantic Salmon**. Smolt stocking of Atlantic salmon distribution through the year was: Q1 = 27%, Q2 = 36%, Q3 = 36%.

The weight of the fish when transferred to the sea in 2023 was higher in relation to the previous year for two species: Atlantic Salmon 178 g. (\uparrow 7%), Coho Salmon 248 g. (\uparrow 14%). Rainbow Trout decreased an 14% (212 g).

Biomass and the Number of Fish

The information shows that, at the end of Q3-2023 (September), there was almost no variation (+1%) of the number of live fish compared with Q3 of the previous year, with an estimation of a total of 251,6 million fish (considering the 3 species). By species, **Rainbow Trout** was the specie that shown more variation (10% decrease) in the number of live fish in September 2023 (17,8 million live fish). **Coho Salmon** recorded a variation of 9% (58.2 million of live fish). On the other hand, **Atlantic Salmon** showed a slight decrease of the number of live fish (-0,4%), reaching 175.7 million live fish at the end of September 2023.

Trout Atlantic Coho* 2,75 3,01 4,34 4,50 3,75 3,57 2022 2023 (up to Q3) * Coho season

Industry Yield (kg harvested / smolt)

Regarding living biomass during the growout stage, the analysis reveals a increase of 5% in relation to September 2022, with a total of 589,705 tons at the end of Q3-2023 for the three species. Per species, **Atlantic Salmon** – that represents 68% of the total living biomass – shows an increase of 1% (end of September 2023) in relation to the same month of the previous year, reaching 398,582 tons. Likewise, the biomass of **Rainbow Trout** shown an decrease of 16% and **Coho Salmon** an increase of 23%.

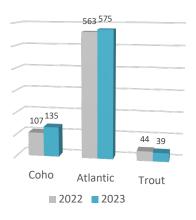
Productivity

The lower mortality had a upward impact on the productivity (kg/smolt) in **Atlantic Salmon**, which reached **4.50** kg harvested per smolt (closed cycles in 2023 up to Q3), amount that is 4% higher than the amount registered in 2022. In the case of **Rainbow Trout**, an increase in the yield of 10% was also observed, reaching **3.01 kg** harvested per smolt, whereas for **Coho Salmon**, it decreased 5%, reaching **3.57 kg** harvested per smolt (as a season, the harvest just started, so the numbers should improve).

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> Industry Harvest Jan - Sep 2022 vs 2023 (thousand tons WFE)



Harvest

The total biomass harvested by the whole industry for the three species at the end of Q3-2023 reached 749 thousand tons (WFE*), amount which is 5% higher than the previous year. Per species, the accumulated harvested volumes (WFE) at the end of Q3-2023 reached **575,367** tons for **Atlantic Salmon**, **39,274 tons** for **Rainbow Trout** and **134,760** tons for **Coho Salmon**. These numbers represent an increase in harvest for the period of 27,663 tons for Coho Salmon, 11,968 tons for Atlantic Salmon and an decrease of 4,376 tons for Trout.

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In 2023 (up to Q3), the average harvest weight for Atlantic Salmon was 5.0 kg, it was 4.2 kg for Coho Salmon and 3.3 kg for Rainbow Trout.

WFE = Whole Fish Equivalent: Unit used to measure the raw material, it corresponds to round bled live weight % Accumulated Mortality = Total N° of dead fish / initial N° of fish transferred Biomass Produced = Dead biomass + Harvested biomass + Living biomass at the end of a period % Dead Biomass = Kg of dead biomass / Kg of biomass produced °Smolt Stocking: transfer of fish (called smolts at this stage of their life cycle) to sea water farming sites to begin the growout stage

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